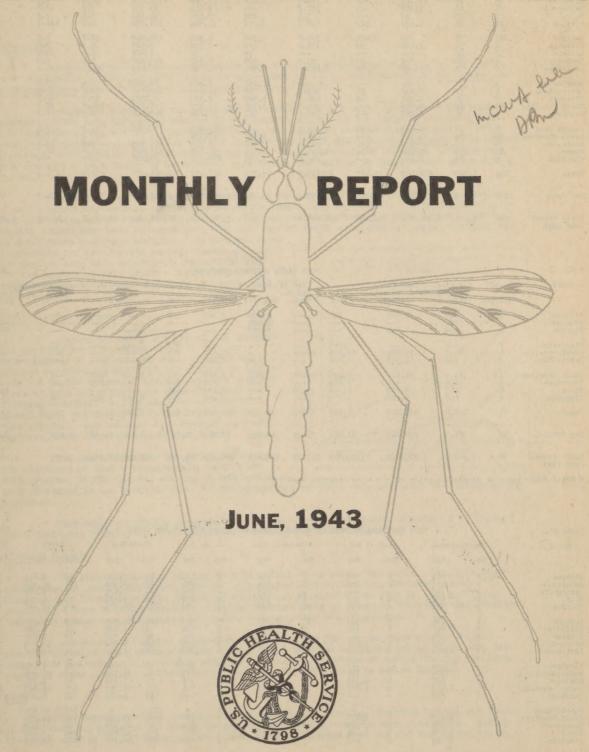
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MALARIA CONTROL IN WAR AREAS



FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY
U. S. PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

	TABLE I				MC	CWA LARVICIDE AND	MINOR DE	RAINAGE PROJE	CTS			JUNE 1 -	30, 1943
			War		LARVICIDAL WORK OTHER WORK							Total	Total
	STATE	Areas	Estab- lish-			Surfaces Treated	Ditching		Cleaning	Clearing	Water Surf.	Man	Men
		Opera- tion	Pro- tected	Oil Gals.	Paris Green Lbs.	Acres	Cu.Yds.	Lin.Ft.	Lin.Ft.	Acres	Eliminated Acres	Hours	Employed
	Alabama Arkansas California D. C. Florida	15	64 63 11 23 91	17,182 7,508 40 4,939	1,325	1,938.5 601.8 0.4 512.1	1,611 1,206 206 2,991	6,248 15,546 2,784 13,386 51,544	16,610 150,475 11,340 14,662 201,760	9.5 44.5 0.9 2.6 7.9	1.2 5.0 18.8 1.3 116.2	7,226 29,584 3,957 4,684 34,105	150 24 24 24 169
	Georgia Illinois Indiana Kentucky Louisiana	13 2 1 5 8	93 54 40 48 71	234 1,120 539 73,453	2,022 90 7,672	2,393.8 109.14 33.0 6,248.6	1,309 200 35 369 1,982	4,917 1,550 70 3,359 18,732	190,260 2,925 6,325 240,170 55,493	57.1 0.5 1.3 9.6 104.1	1.5 0.9 0.9 2.0 1.3	28,557 4,028 2,224 11,286 67,229	140 21 10 57 355
	Maryland Mississippi Missouri North Carolina Oklahoma	28 3 10 5	21 50 24 69 21	6,168 1,031 9,695 3,241	38 79	249.6 156.3 314.7 105.6	21,237 796 1,518 1,501 181	2,980 11,428 2,350 29,405 15,206	10,597 119,511 21,550 356,222 217,546	1.6 103.4 53.7 104.1 8.9	2.4 8.2 22.6 52.5 2.7	4,572 22,160 6,651 37,346 8,583	19 112 32 180 1,6
	Puerto Rico South Carolina Tennessee Texas Virginia	6 20 8 14	22 101 69 140 83	1,469 19,787 23,968 28,900 8,582	6,935 205 732 42	3,534.1 1,409.7 813.3 1,196.7 254.3	3,377 321 2,871 2,076	269,262 17,154 5,995 36,582 158,234	171,346 1,284,927 45,935 215,956 10,468	33.2 244.1 9.3 73.2 43.9	9.h 7.8 0.1 22.7	61,005 48,630 14,894 45,926 29,003	402 247 67 240 165
	Total	144	1,143	208,439	19,467	19,910.9	43,787	666,732	3,344,078	913.4	277.5	471,650	2,500
	May Total	137	970	139,486	9,295	14,759.3	74,426	522,869	2,529,818	802.0	214.7	415,750	2,531
	Total Fiscal	226	1,161	1,876,607	152,267	198,208.0		5,749,480	20,981,049	11,671.0	5,441.0	4,993,444	

TABLE II					MCWA MA	JOR DRAINAG	E PROJECT	S				JUNE 1	- 30, 1943
STATE	No. of Projects	Clearing Brushing Acres	Channel or Ditch Cleaning Lin.Ft.	Hand	New Lin.Fi		Total Cu.Yds,	Pill Cu.Yds.	Ditch Li Sq.Ft.Li		Underground Drains Lin.Ft.	Water Surf Eliminated Acres	
Alabama Arkansas Florida	2 1 1	6.0 1.0 1.0	2,000 7,500	150		4,080 1,400 7,500	5,910	468				31 300	5,116 208 1,724
Mississippi North Caroline Puerto Rico	2 4 2	84.9	75,874 1,300	2,765 12,459 1,500	2,900		486 10,514 6,265	958 249			12	28	4,573 17,483 40,264
South Carolina Tennessee Texas Virginia	6 3 4 2	15.5 4.0 1.6 2.8	30,081 3,750 9,920	5,208 1,950 2,320 1,785	3,1,00	5,300	9,618 577 7,432 296	351 370	2,207 832 6,921	952 275 1,908	168	131	12,404 2,348 6,156 4,655
Total	27	119.8	130,425	28,137	9,835	18,280	41,098	2,396	9,960	3,135	180	510	94,931
May Total	42	68.3	195,943	51,888	7,649	45,055	82,547	2,935	4,178	2,550	1,656	742	138,183
Total Fiscal Year 1943	68	1,269.0	1,824,602	733,848	44,789	187,6144	454,547	60,009	37,026	12,534	7,005	2,720	1,257,104

^{*} Total cubic yards of excavation often not shown on Progress Reports.

				L. T. Land			1366						*******	20 201.7
TABLE III				NEL ON DUI		30, 1943								30, 1943
STATE	Comm	issioned	Prof	. & Sc1.	Sub-	Prof. (1)	C.	A. P.		sto di al		otal	Percent	
	No.	Pay	No.	Pay	No.	Pay	No.	Pay	No.	Pay	No.	Pay	No.	Pay
Alabama Arkansas California D. C. Florida	35123	823 1,435 200 674 794	32 - 26	812 633 369 1,692	2 23 - 3 29	413 550 5,627	24-34	410 704 229 307 750	59 137 21 231	7,401 18,056 1,621 2,176 29,305	69 171 1 31 273	9,811 25,389 2,463 4,076 38,168	1.9 4.6 0.3 0.8 7.4	2.1 5.3 0.5 0.9 8.0
Georgia Illinois Indiana Kentucky Louisiana	1 3 1 2 7	284 863 284 567 2,025	51 148	1,342 365 1,321 2,243	39 5 1 1)4 38	6,911 974 183 2,237 7,495	52 - 36	770 391 556 1,263	100 13 10 45 365	13,175 1,137 1,354 6,003 47,580	150 24 12 68 424	22,482 3,730 1,821 10,684 60,606	4.0 0.6 0.3 1.8 11.4	4.7 0.8 0.4 2.3 12.8
Maryland Mississippi Missouri North Carolina Oklahoma	2352	616 627 1,418 576	349	791 1,181 2,653	12 11 14 5	2,555 1,971 2,473 790	2 2 1 3	410 509 574	20 124 33 296 37	2,664 15,736 3,503 37,819 4,584	24 143 52 327	3,551 20,108 7,791 44,937 5,950	0.6 3.9 1.4 8.8 1.2	0.7 4.2 1.6 9.5
Puerto Rico South Carolina Tennessee Texas Virginia	64452	1,147 1,135 1,276 567	8 2 8 2	2,146 477 2,426 688	9 37 8 29 17	6,600 1,267 6,891 2,954	55232	738 1428 647 560	649 304 80 251 178	39,352 10,173 32,014 22,230	669 358 96 296 201	30,183 49,983 13,480 43,254 26,999	18.1 9.7 2.6 7.9 5.4	6.4 10.5 2.8 9.1 5.7
AFDES AEGYPTI Florida Georgia Louisiana South Carolina Texas	-	284	1 1 - 2	319 319 132 355	20 11 22 12 8	3,512 1,629 3,929 2,004 902	2 1 2 2 1	310 164 129 263 73	2 20	296	23 13 24 17 31	4,141 2,112 4,058 2,979 3,847	0.6	0.9 0.4 0.9 0.6 0.6
H. Q. & Dist. (2)	41	13,230	14	3,175	20	3,334	80	11,372	8	989	163	32,100	4.4	6.8
Total Percent of Total	103	28,825	85 2.3	23,439	391	70,604	142	21,967	2,983	299,685	3,704	474,703	100	100

* Figures not available
(1) Includes Entomological Inspectors
(2) Includes Headquarters and District offices, malaria survey, special investigations and employees temporarily attached to Headquarters pending assignment to States.

MONTHLY REPORT Malaria Control in War Areas June 1943

Entomology

Anopheles quadrimaculatus production was reported during June from all of the States in which regular control projects are to be undertaken in 1943. The presence of Anopheles quadrimaculatus was indicated in 344 of the 640 control zones.

Weekly M-7 reports on the densities of vectors are now being received in the head-quarters office from 442, or 69 percent of the control zones. On the basis of entomological findings, larvicidal work was discontinued during the month in several areas because of the scarcity of quadrimaculatus larvae and the low populations of adult quadrimaculatus as indicated by natural resting place collections. On the other hand, it was found necessary to begin control operations in a number of areas which were maintained only on an inspectional basis during the 1942 season.

A continuation of the graph presented in the May report showing comparative densities of adult anopheline vectors in stations inside or immediately adjacent to the protected activities ("A" stations) as compared to those in stations farther removed is shown below. Very high density counts have been reported from some stations of large size, such as barns, stables, etc.,

in areas where quads are abundant. To prevent these from unduly influencing the record, counts of over 100 females have been arbitrarily reduced to 100 for the purpose of this chart. Fifteen inside and 24 outside counts were thus reduced in preparing this June record.

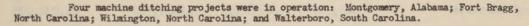
Larvicide and Drainage

During the month a total of 124 larvicidal projects were in operation in 19 States. Approximately 20,000 surface acres of ponds and ditches were treated with 208,500 gallons of larvicide and 20,000 pounds of paris green, and over 900 acres of pond and ditch banks cleared. Minor ditching completed in June amounted to 666,700 lineal feet, and 3,344,000 lineal feet of ditch were cleaned. Two thousand five hundred men were employed, with 471,650 man hours expended.

The use of dynamite for ditch construct—
ion continued to play a considerable part in the

MCWA program, 35,000 pounds, costing \$4,600 having
been purchased in the month of June. Three dynamiting projects were initiated in Alabama during

been purchased in the month of June. Three dynamiting projects were initiated in Alabama during the month.



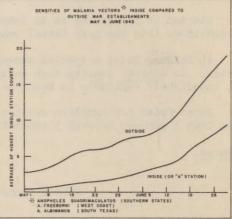
Airplane Dusting

The airplane dusting program went into full swing during the month. Projects were inaugurated at Jackson Barracks, near New Orleans, on June 2; Newport, Arkansas on June 17; Walnut Ridge, Arkansas on June 18, and at Greenville, Mississippi on June 16. In addition, preparations were made for the early initiation of projects at Memphis, Tennessee; Lake Charles, Louisians; Alexandria, Louisiana; and on the Potomac River near Washington, D. C.

A considerable amount of equipment was assembled for use in treating the water shestnut infested areas of the Potomac River. Small airplane engine-propelled boats were purchased for the necessary inspection work. These boats are capable of moving through the dense growth of water chestnut as there are no moving parts under water to become fouled.

Maps

The mapping section continued the preparation of tracings covering the various zones in Arkansas, and prepared for planographing eighteen pencil tracings sent from Texas. During the month a total of 120 tracings were planographed and copies sent out for use in the field.



Community Education

In cooperation with the Malaria Investigations Office of the National Institute of Health, a two weeks' course in Community Education was held in Memphis at the University of Tennessee Medical School. Ninety-two educators from 13 states were assembled. These educators were employed from the communities in which they will work, and upon completion of the course were assigned to their local health officers through the State health departments.

Members of the MCWA staff and invited speakers from the Army and other government agencies furnished the faculty for the technical material on malaria, with the staff of Field Activities in Public Health Education serving as the faculty for educational techniques.

The direction of the education program is in the Field Activities in Public Health Education section, Division of Sanitary Reports and Statistics, as it was last year (see diagram in December report).

Aedes aegypti

The aegypti index appeared to be generally low on all projects during June with the exception of the Savannah index, which indicated a sharp rise. This rise was unusual in that breeding was noted not in the large permanent containers as would be expected, but in small miscellaneous type vessels.

Started in the spring as an inspection-correction survey, the New Orleans project will be continued into the next fiscal year as a regular control project.

In Dallas, Texas a special survey was made at the request of city and State health authorities. An aegypti density high enough to warrant control was indicated; however, funds were not immediately available to begin operations.

Hopes faded for complete eradication in Key West, Florida as the breeding index rose from less than 1 percent to over 3 percent.

Encumbrances

Table IV
MCWA Encumbrances by Major Items

intern syndals on Sylvatilat	June	May	April	Total Fiscal Year 1943
.01 Personal Services	\$441,398	\$481,520	\$489,560	\$5,092,000
.02 Travel	24,211	25,890	21,480	228,000
.03 Transportation	2,046	5,570	3,000	35,000
.04 Communications Services	966	1,250	1,030	12,000
.05 Rent	1,617	1,800	1,650	29,000
.06 Printing and Binding	75	750	400	12,000
.07 Other Contr. Services	22,265	7,170	4,690	64,000
.08 Supplies and Materials	38,689	56,290	47,090	425,000
.09 Equipment	91,189	15,990	10,210	243,000
Sub-total other than	an order habite		and the late of	
Personal Services	181,058	114,710	89,550	1,048,000
Total	622,456	596,230	579,110	6,140,000

JUNE 1943 ENCUMBRANCES PROCUREMENT ACCOUNTING PERSONNEL VOUCHERS PAYROLL PROPERTY SUPPLY ADMINISTRATION DIVISION MALARIA CONTROL IN WAR AREAS U. S. PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ORGANIZATION CHART - HEADQUARTERS OFFICE TRAINING AND EDUCATION UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE MEDICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE STATES RELATIONS DIVISION STATE DEPARTMENTS PROJECT OPERATION EXECUTIVE OFFICER THE SURGEON GENERAL WAR AREAS OF HEALTH N. I. H. OFFICE OF MALARIA INVESTIGATIONS U. S. P. H. S. LIAISON OFFICES AND STATISTICS OPERATIONS DIVISION ENTOMOLOGICAL AEDES AEGYPTI ENGINEERING SECTION SECTION SECTION SECTION MEDICAL ATLANTA, GEORGIA

PRESENT HEADQUARTERS OFFICE ORGANIZATION

On the organization chart for the headquarters office are shown the lines of authority (solid lines) and the lines of collaboration (dotted), both within the headquarters office and for the entire program. The functional charts for the two main divisions, Operations and Administration, indicate in detail the duties and responsibilities of these divisions and the member sections.

THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE

The Executive Office includes the Medical Officer in Charge, Dr. C. L. Williams, and the Executive Officer, Mr. M. D. Hollis. This office determines policy and coordinates and directs, through division chiefs, all activities under the program. Dr. T. H. Stubbs is assigned to the Executive Office to assist principally in medical problems. Attached directly to the Executive Office are the following:

The Office of Training and Education - Under the direction of Dr. William S. Boyd this office is charged with in-service training of program personnel, community educational activities, and the preparation of educational material for use both within the program and for general distribution.

The Office of Reports and Statistics - The collection, compilation, and dissemination of operational information is the responsibility of the Office of Reports and Statistics, which is directed by Dr. Griffith E. Quinby. Professional personnel from the Medical, Entomological, and Engineering sections handle the respective reports of their sections. The preparation of the Monthly Report also falls in the province of this office.

Other Functions - The preparation of the budget and maintenance of over-all fiscal control is exercised by this office.

All executive matters relating to the procurement and disbursement of supplies and equipment are handled by Mr. Ralph C. Palange, who is attached to the Executive Office. Requests originating in the professional sections or in the field clear through the Operations Division to him as the representative of executive authority and are then passed on to the Administrative Division for processing.

THE DIVISION OF OPERATIONS

The growth of the program during the past year, both in scope and complexity, has focused attention on the desirability of coordinating, at the headquarters level, the direction of the various units involved in operations and their relations with other functions of this program and with cooperating agencies.

To accomplish this the operating units, made up of the Medical, Entomological, and Engineering and Aedes aegypti sections, were combined into a Division of Operations under the direction of Dr. Stanley B. FreeDorn. Mr. Harry G. Hanson is executive officer for this division. At the same time certain functions of the headquarters office, such as professional personnel procurement, liaison with Army and Navy commands, the Manual of Operations office, and the Office of Mapping and Photography, are incorporated in the Operations Division and placed under the direct supervision of Mr. Hanson. Mr. Wesley E. Gilbertson is charged with the direction of the Aedes aegypti section, and Dr. B. K. Milmore has assumed direction of the Medical section. Mr. Nelson H. Rector and Mr. George H. Bradley continue as heretofore in charge of the Engineering and Entomological sections respectively.

The accompanying functional chart of organization shows that the basic work of these four sections remains unchanged. The Operations Division simply provides over-all guidance of activities to facilitate uniform adherence to general policy and absorbs many of the routine details pertaining to the procurement and allocation of personnel, supplies and equipment. This latter function not only liberates the professional personnel from time consuming assignments but also centralizes the details into a single channel of responsibility.

THE DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION

This division is responsible for all administrative functions relating to the operation of the program, and has been streamlined for more efficient service to field operations. Constant liaison is maintained with the Division of Operations.

The chief administrative officer, Mr. George B. Tremmel, directs and coordinates the activities of the Administrative Division and guides the State offices in the performance of their functions consistent with general policy and established procedures. All administrative matters relating to personnel assignment, procedures, disbursements and allotments, and approval of contractual services, are direct responsibilities of his office. Other functions of administration are delegated to section heads who are directly responsible to the chief administrative officer.

Mr. Charles W. Cullen, in charge of the General section, acts as assistant to the chief administrative officer and has charge of system and procedure methods, governmental reports, and cost analysis data.

The Personnel and Accounts section is headed by Mr. Charles M. Kannard, who controls personnel, payrolls, and travel accounts.

Mr. E. R. Johnston, as chief of the Procurement and Supply section, directs the purchase of equipment, materials, and miscellaneous supplies, and has charge of automotive maintenance.

Miss Mary E. Moulton, as head of the Property Records unit, is responsible for property accounting, and the necessary records to maintain accurate data.

Encumbrances, and voucher auditing of all miscellaneous expenditures are centered in the Miscellaneous Accounts section, of which Mr. Roex B. Morgan is chief.

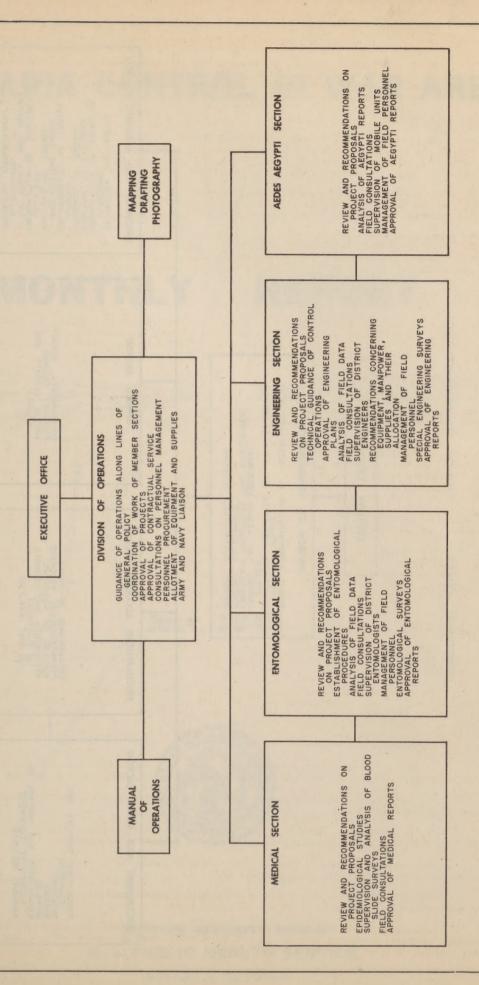
Arrangements have been made to effect the payment of vouchers, beginning July 1, by the local Treasury Department Disbursing Office. In most cases the payment of vouchers will be made within ten days after they are received in the headquarters office.

UNITED STATES PUBLIC NEALTH SERVICE

MALARIA CONTROL IN WAR AREAS

FUNCTIONAL CHART

DIVISION OF OPERATIONS



UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

MALARIA CONTROL IN WAR AREAS

FUNCTIONAL CHART

DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION

